In JavaScript, an object is a standalone entity, with properties and type. Compare it with a cup, for example. A cup is an object, with properties. A cup has a color, a design, weight, a material it is made of, etc. The same way, JavaScript objects can have properties, which define their characteristics.

**Creating Objects in JavaScript:**

1. By object literal
2. By creating instance of Object directly (using new keyword)

In simple terms. “A JavaScript object is a collection of named values having state and behavior (properties and method)”.

For example: Person, car, pen, bike, Personal Computer , Washing Machine etc.

Take the case of cars.

All cars have the same properties, but the property values differ from car to car. All cars have the same methods, but the methods are performed at different times.

Let’s have an example of my favorite merc car and list out its properties(Features):

1. Make: Mercedes
2. Model: C-Class
3. Color: White
4. Fuel: Diesel
5. Weight: 850kg
6. Mileage: 8Kmpl
7. Rating: 4.5

Taking the above as reference, I'll stress up on objects, Object properties and Methods.

var car = "Mercedes";

var car = {Make: “Mercedes”, Model: “C-Class”, Color: “White”, Fuel: Diesel, Weight: “850kg”, Mileage: “8Kmpl”, Rating: 4.5};

console.log("Mercedes");